

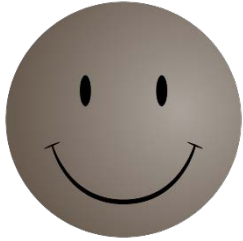
MasterClass on Data-driven Support for Cyber-
physical systems
DAT300, DIT615

Introduction:
**Distributed Cyberphysical systems with
Electricity Networks as example
(& Course Outline)**

Networks and Systems Division
Computer Science and Engineering Department
Chalmers University of Technology & Gothenburg University



Briefly on research + education area of the supporting team



Babis (Charalampos) Stylianopoulos

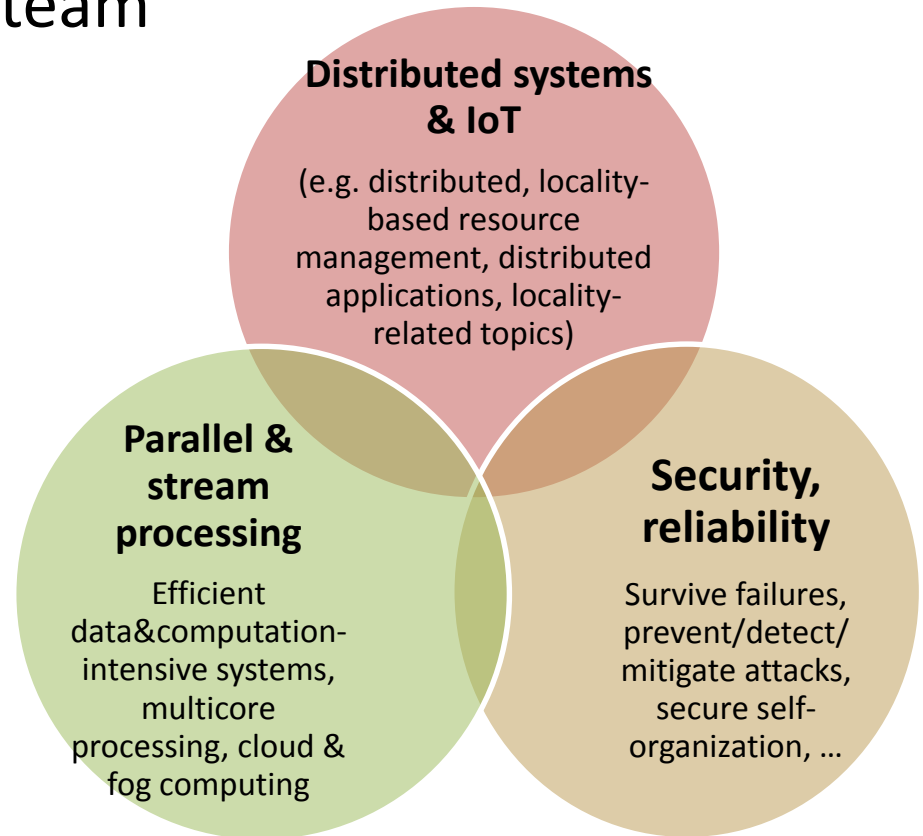
Application domains: energy & other infrastructure systems, production & vehicular systems, networks



Magnus Almgren

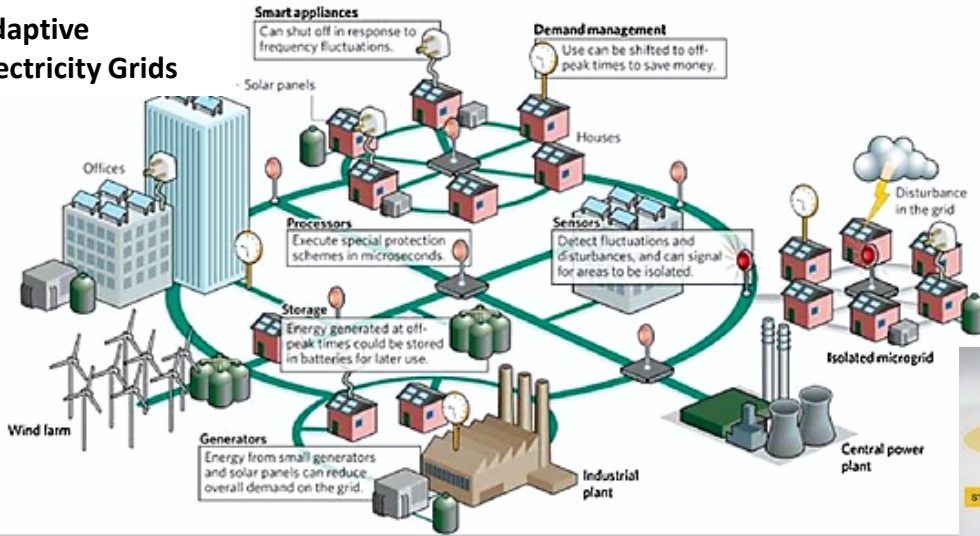


M. Papatriantafilou

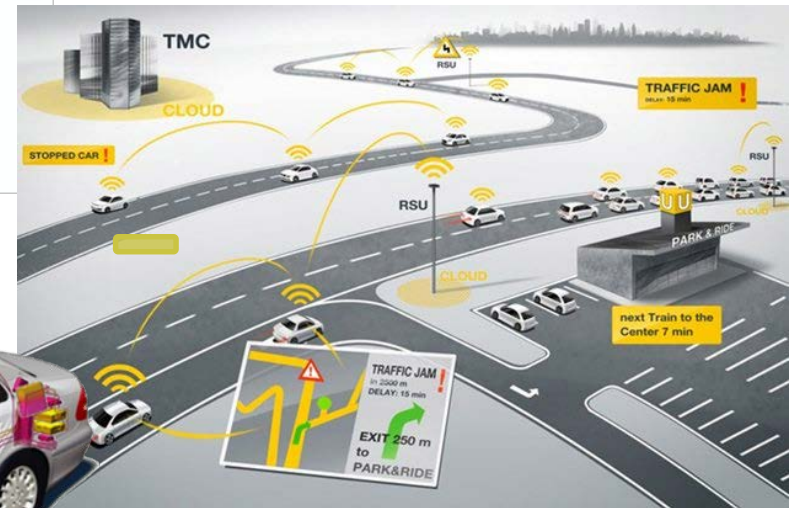


Examples Cyber-Physical Systems (CPS)

Adaptive Electricity Grids



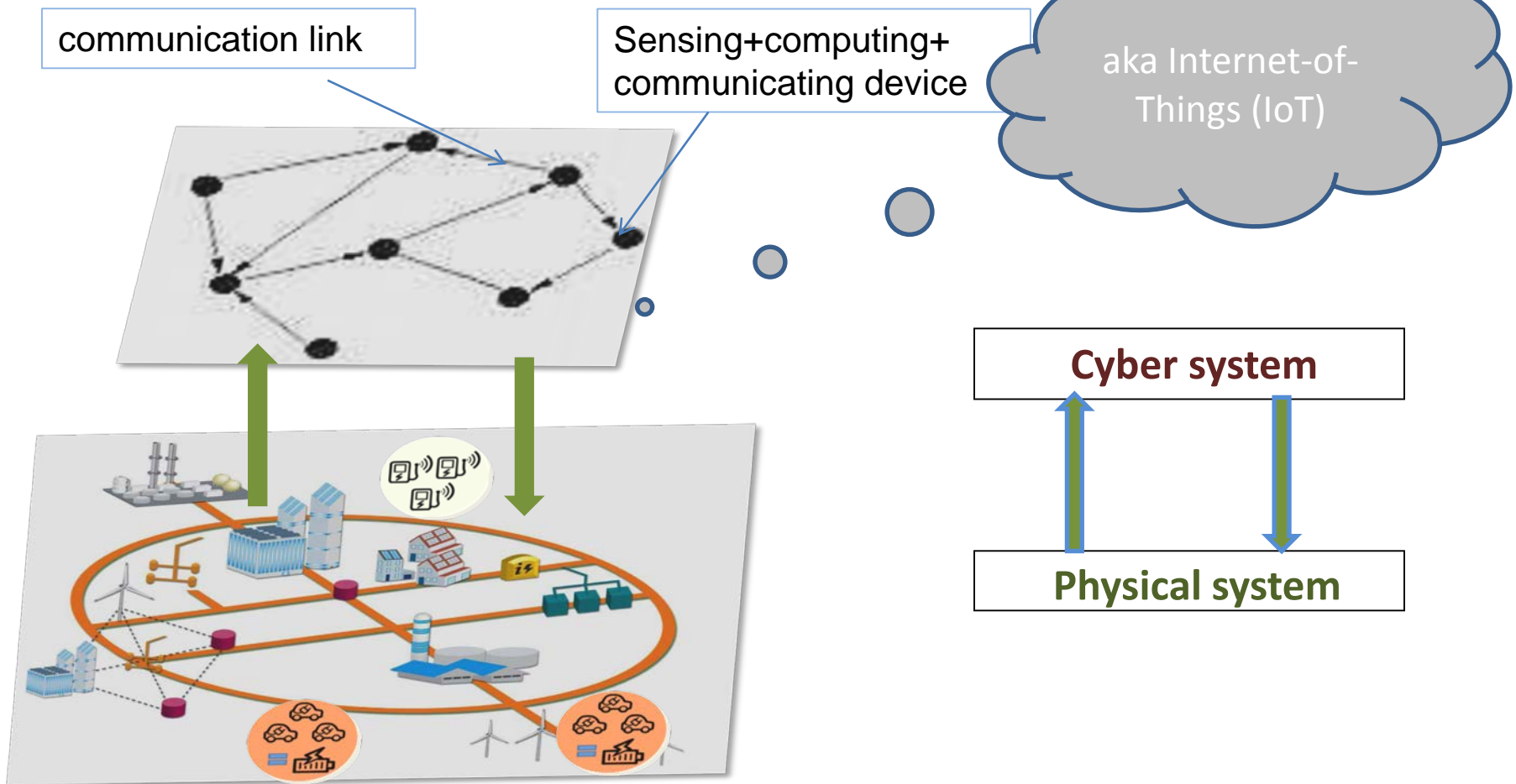
www.energy-daily.com/images/



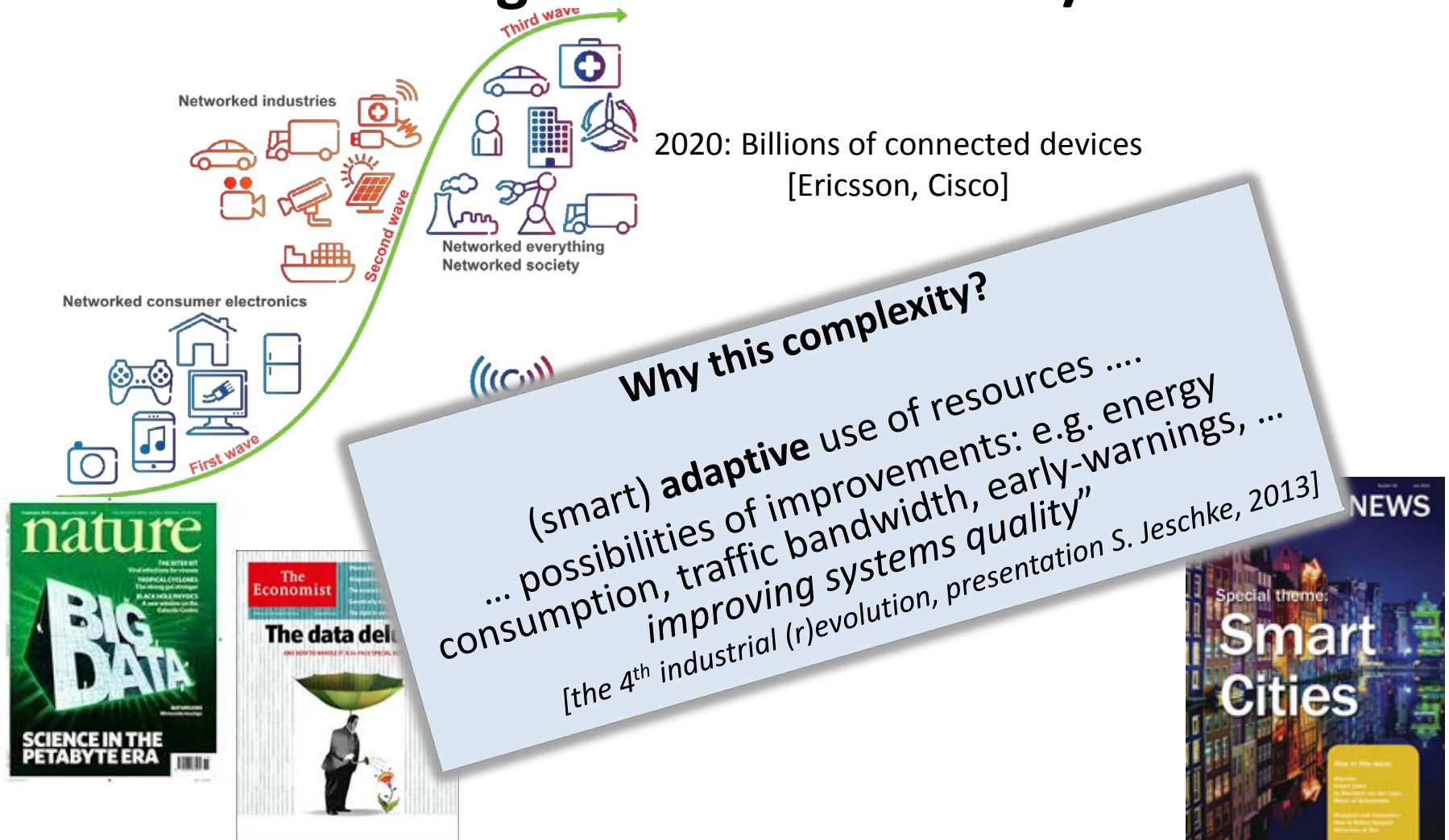
<http://www.kapsch.net/se/>



Cyberphysical systems as layered systems



CPS/IoT => **big** numbers of devices and/or big data rates => **big volumes of events/data!**



e.g., in the traditional EI Grid...

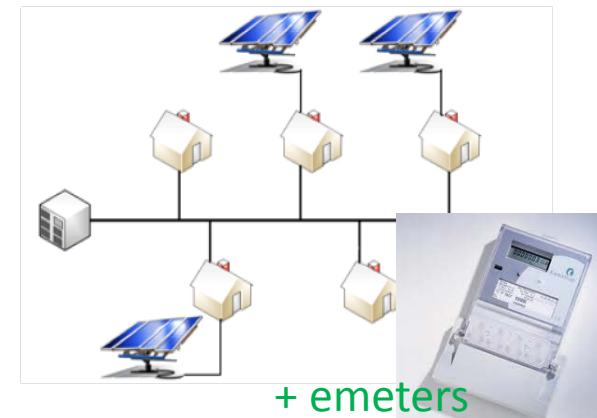
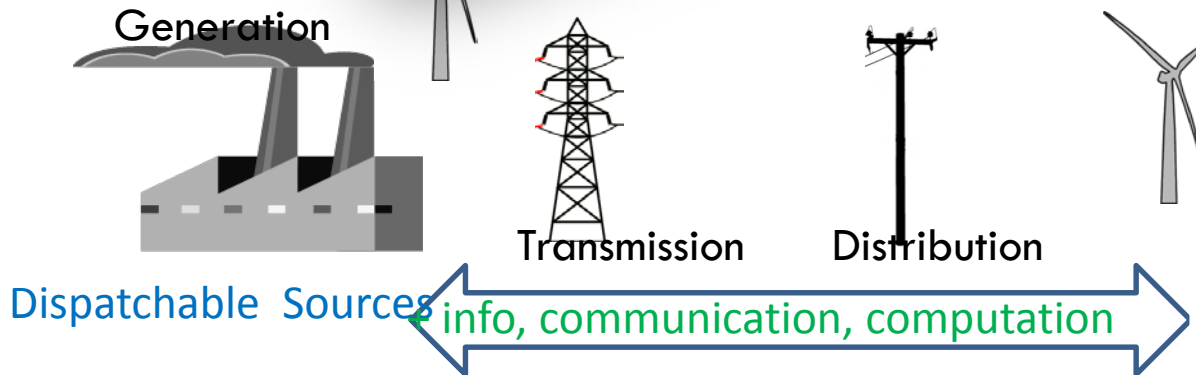


...while in the greener EI Grid

+ non-dispatchable,
distributed sources

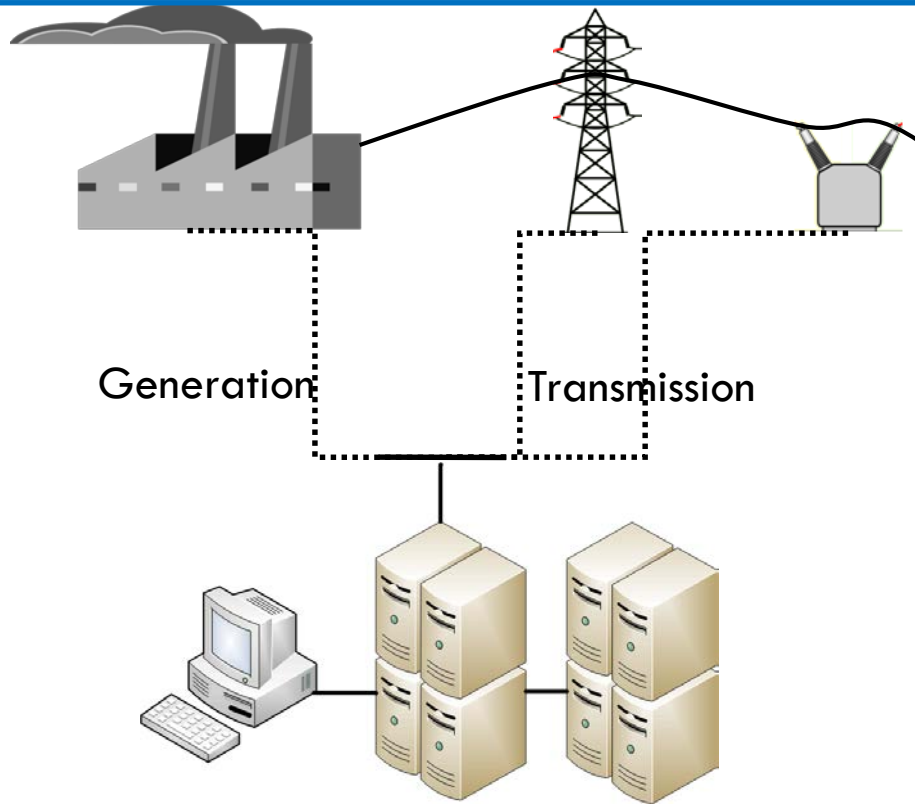


+ aware, Interactive loads



Zooming into an el-network

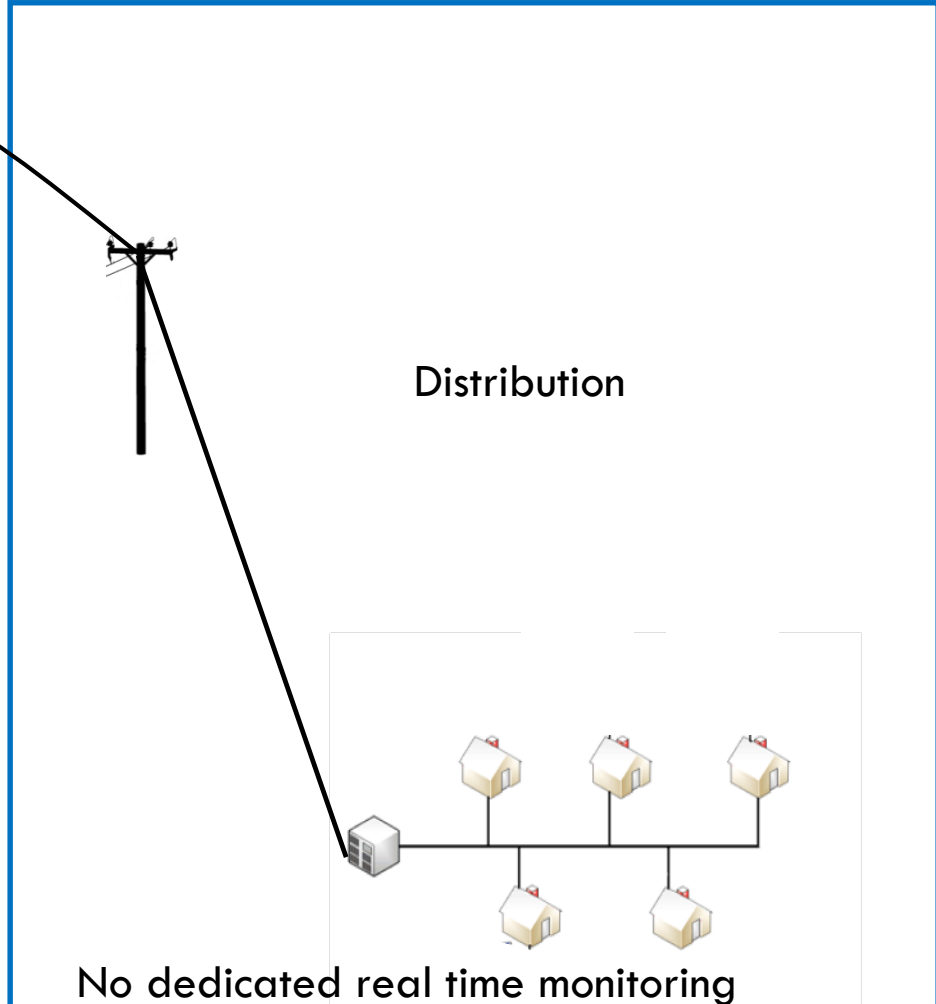
The traditional Electrical Grid



Generation

Transmission

Managed and monitored by the SCADA system.

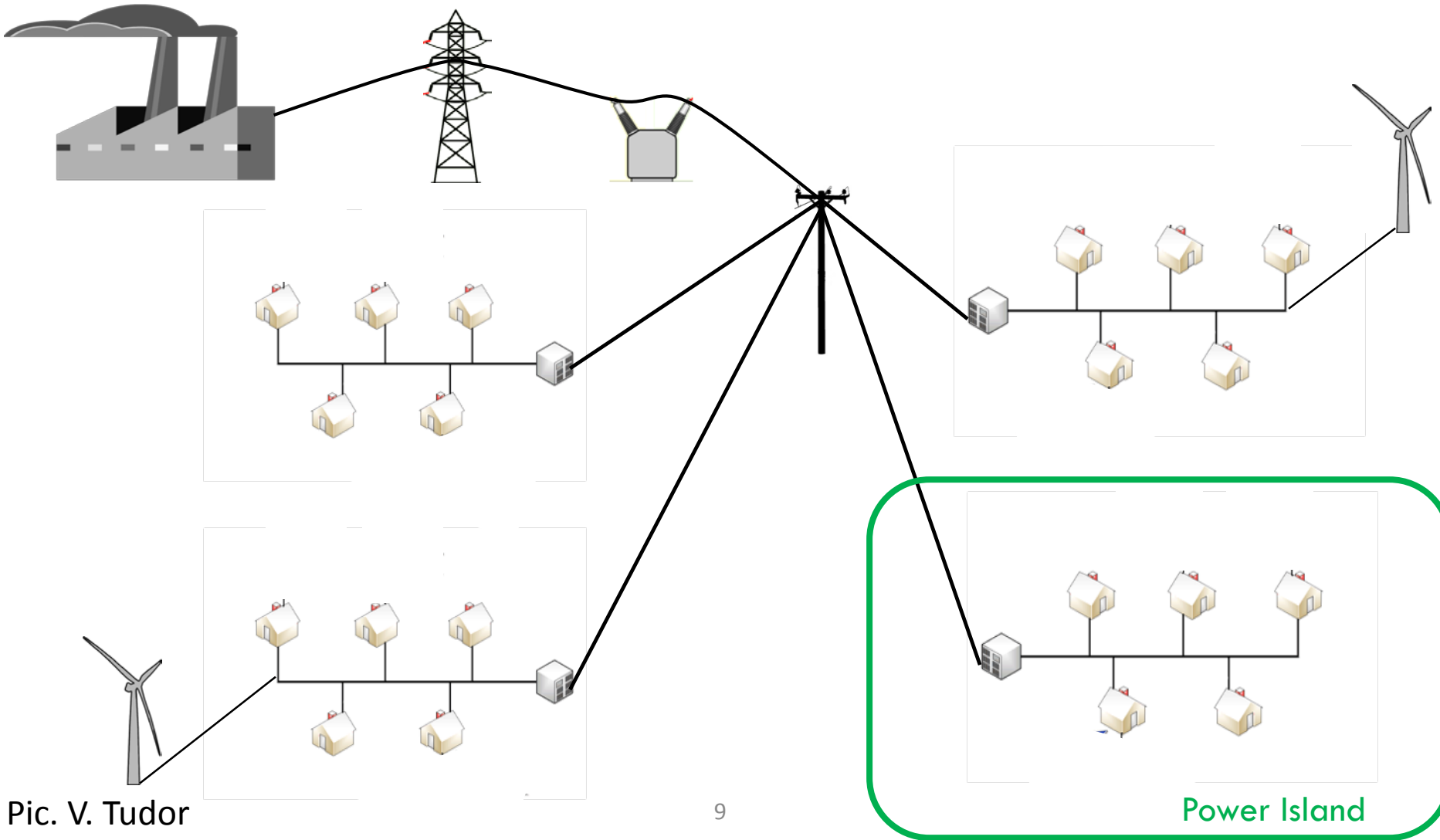


Distribution

No dedicated real time monitoring system (yet).

Pic. V. Tudor

From centralized to distributed generation

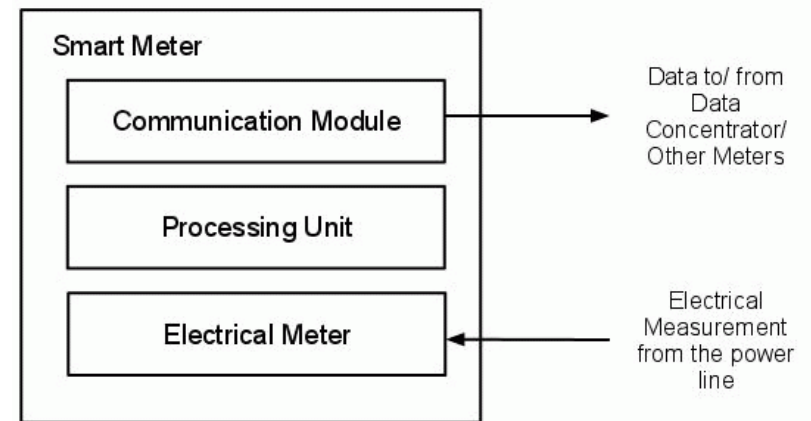
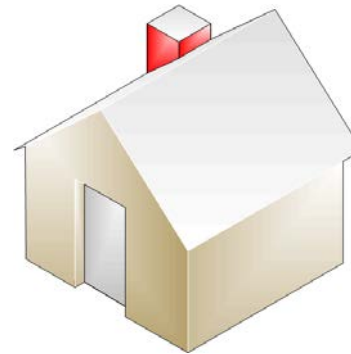


Pic. V. Tudor

One of the enabling components: Smart Meter (Advanced Metering Infrastructure)

A “Smart” Meter:

- is a small embedded system
- automates (consumption) index readings
- instantaneous consumption
- in-door display
- time of use tariffs
- the base for the Advanced Metering Infrastructure



In the CPS cyber-layer

SMART GRID

A vision for the future — a network of integrated microgrids that can monitor and heal itself.

- **Adaptiveness: Distributed resource management**
- **Enabling “tools”: Communication, Data, information**
- **Orthogonal and utterly important: cyber-security**



In the CPS cyber-layer

SMART GRID

A vision for the future — a network of integrated microgrids that can monitor and heal itself.

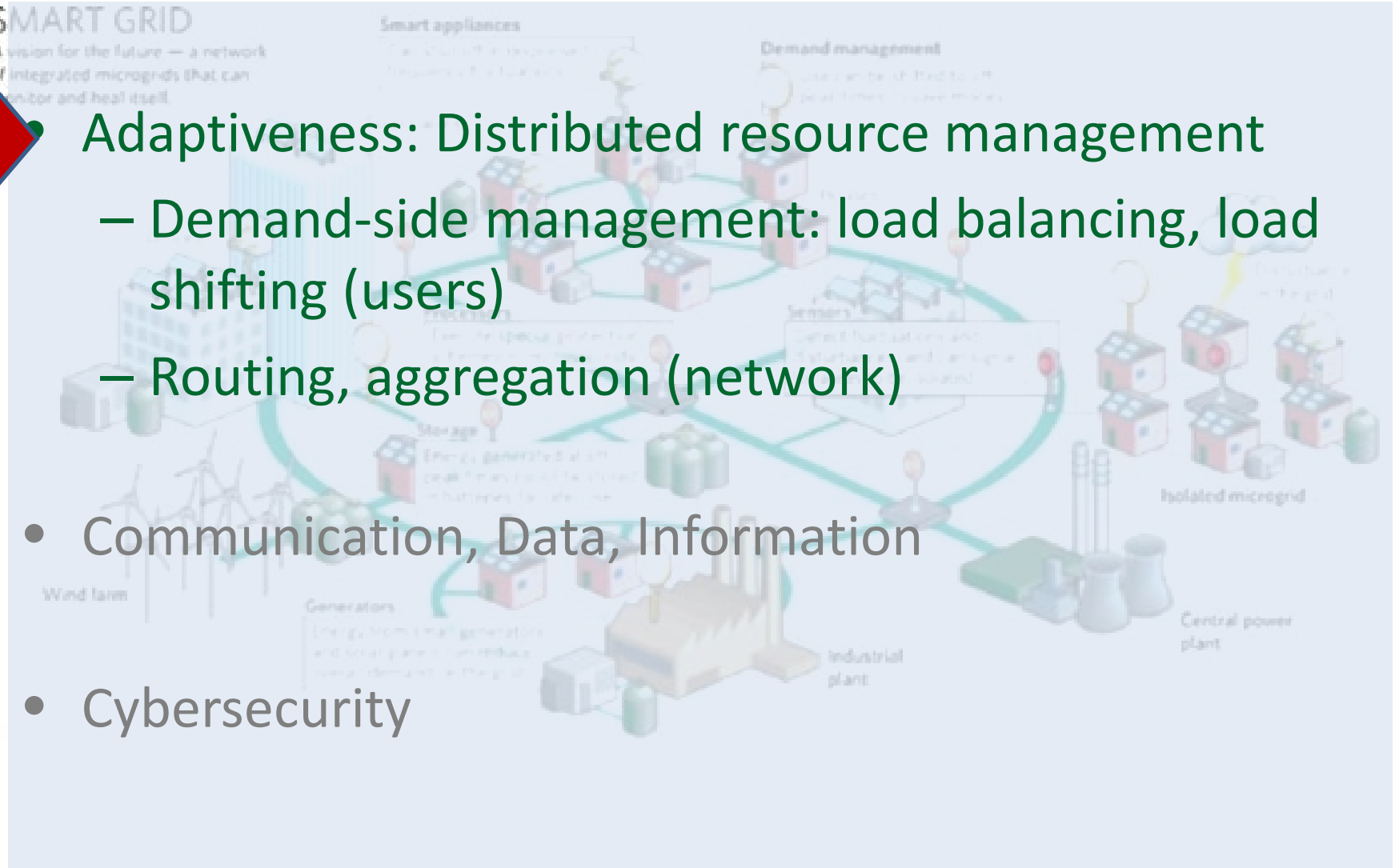
Adaptiveness: Distributed resource management

– Demand-side management: load balancing, load shifting (users)

– Routing, aggregation (network)

• Communication, Data, Information

• Cybersecurity



Adaptiveness: eg Demand-side management household/neighborhood-scale and more

Problem: Fine-grained align supply & consumption; continuous decisions based on info on load, availability, constraints, possibilities ((non)shiftable load, thermal or other storage...) *(recall also power island, aka microgrid)*



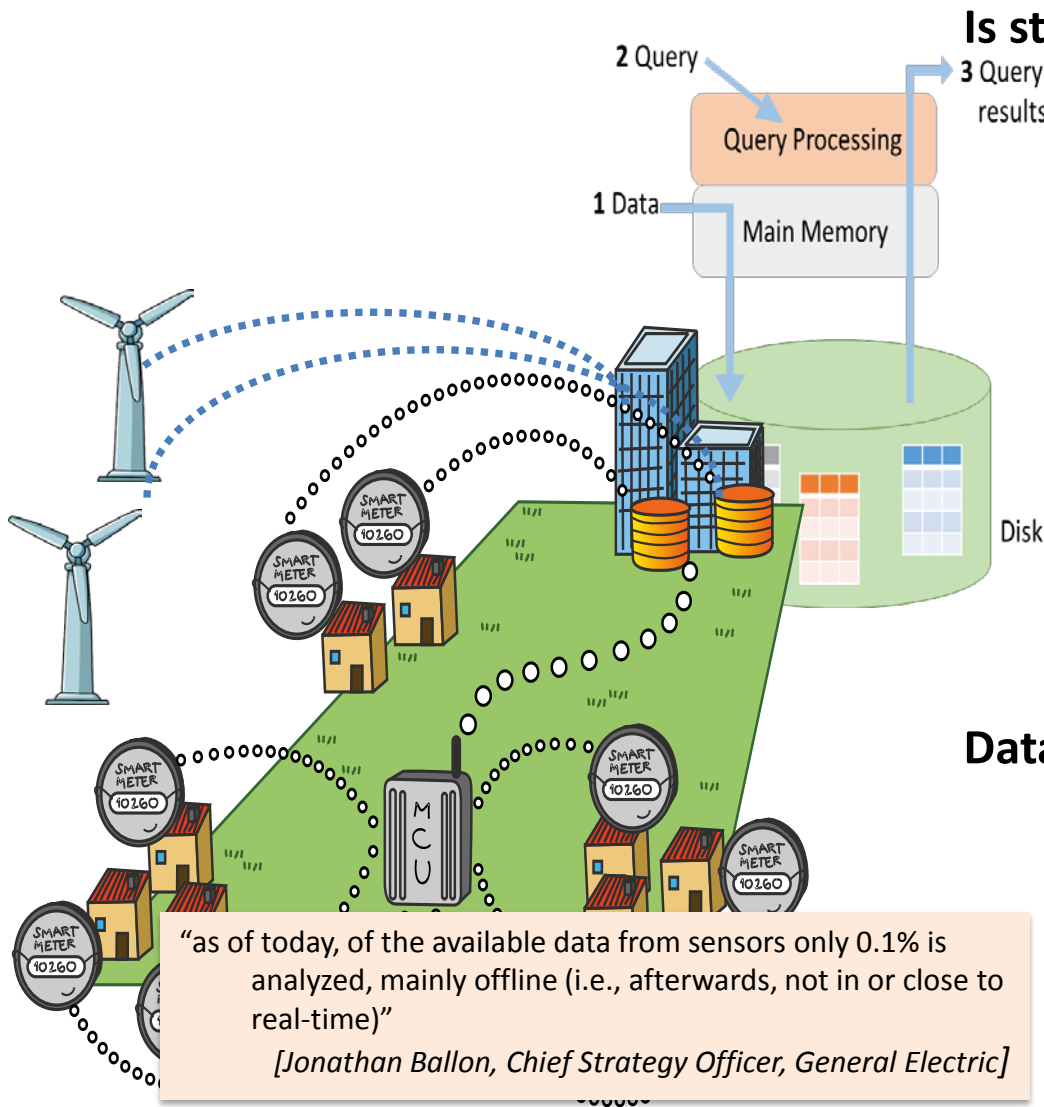
In the CPS cyber-layer

SMART GRID

A vision for the future — a network of integrated microgrids that can monitor and heal itself.

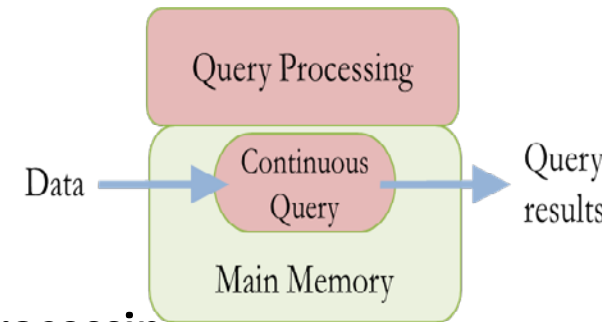
- Distributed resource management
- Enabling “tools”: Communication, data, information
 - Distributed sources & processing
 - Wireless/sensor networks
 - Monitoring, facilitating resource services
- Cybersecurity

Info needed in near-real-time



Is store&process (DB) a feasible option?

— high-rate sensors, high-speed networks, soc. media, financial records: up to Mmsg/sec; sometimes decisions must be taken **really fast** e.g., fractions of msec, even μ secs.



Data Stream Processing:

- In memory, in-network, distributed
- Locality, use of available resources
- Efficient **one-pass analysis & filter**

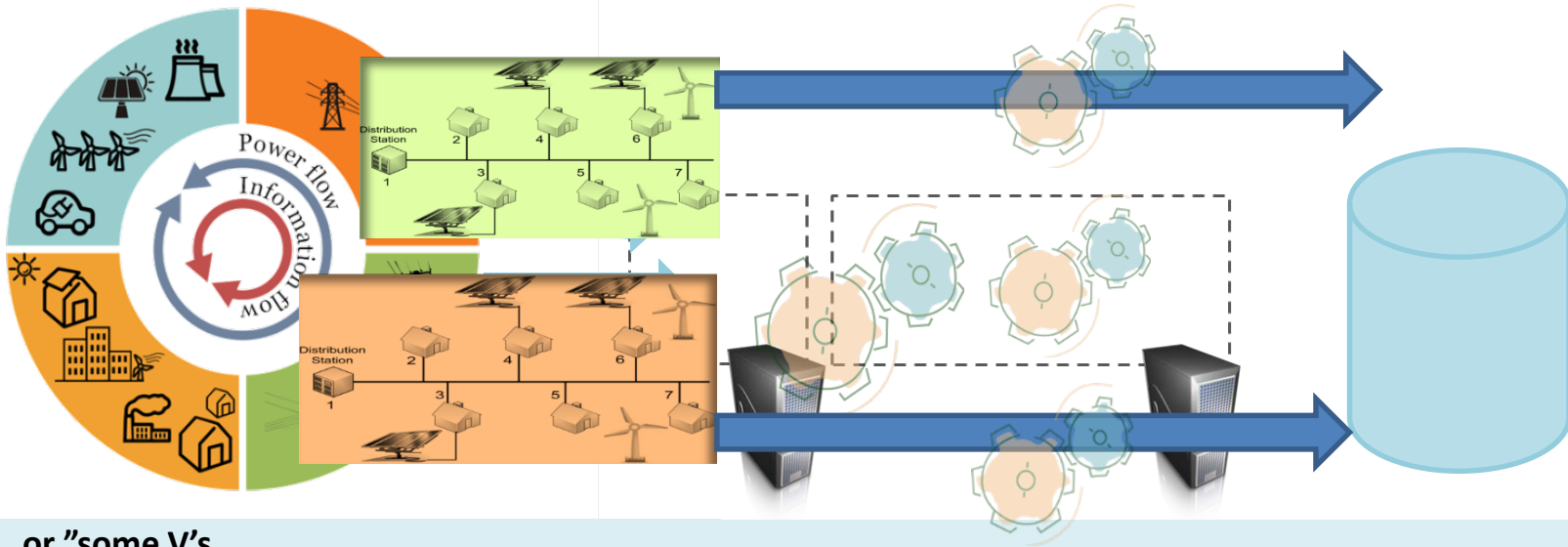
“as of today, of the available data from sensors only 0.1% is analyzed, mainly offline (i.e., afterwards, not in or close to real-time)”

[Jonathan Ballon, Chief Strategy Officer, General Electric]

fig: V. Gulisano



... system: Big! ... data: Big! but: locality!



... or "some V's ...

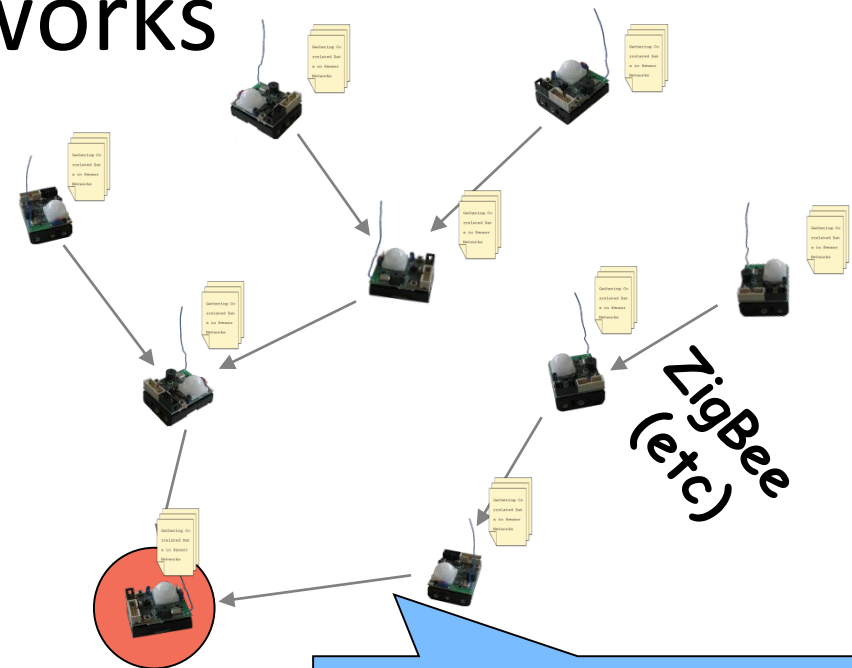
- **Volume:** terabytes – peta/exa/zetabytes *i.e. BIG!*
- **Velocity:** streams *Good! Process on-the fly can eg filter peta-bytes to megabytes*
- **Variety:** various types of data ... *with various relevance domains; locality: good!*

... and one D": **Distribution**

Not always necessary to centralize => allow multiple actors, data-streaming, scaling, privacy, ...

Data gathering & processing in Sensor Networks

- nodes produce relevant information about their vicinity periodically.
- Data is conveyed to an information sink for further processing.
-

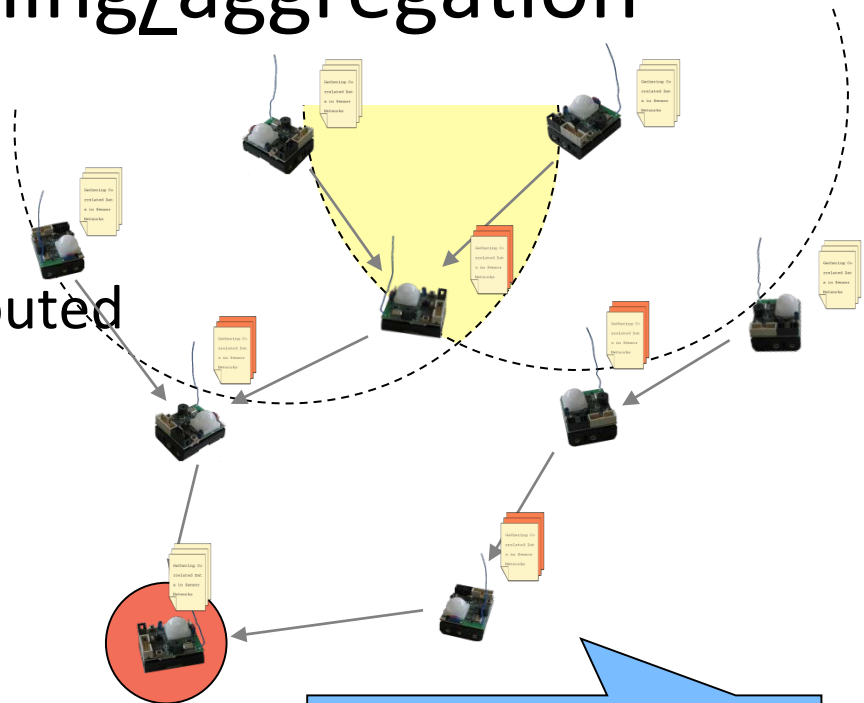


 Routing

On which path is node u's data forwarded to the sink?

Processing/streaming/aggregation

... data can be processed as it is routed to the collector/aggregator (sink).



 In-network aggregation/streaming/processing

Where/how is u's data processed?

Work with routing, streaming, coding, processing schemes to deliver needed info to the sink (care also for privacy).

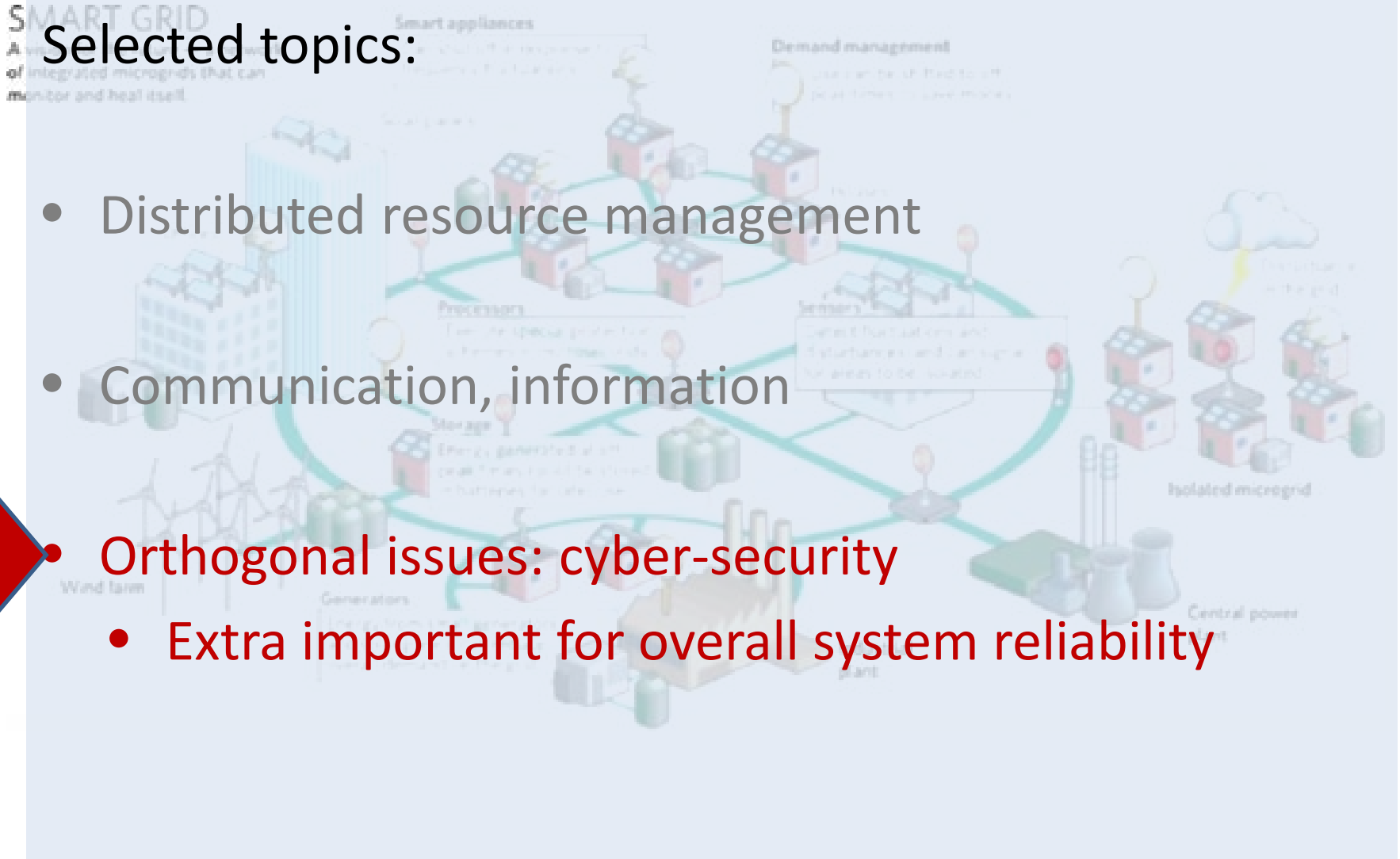
In the Power Grid cyber-layer

SMART GRID

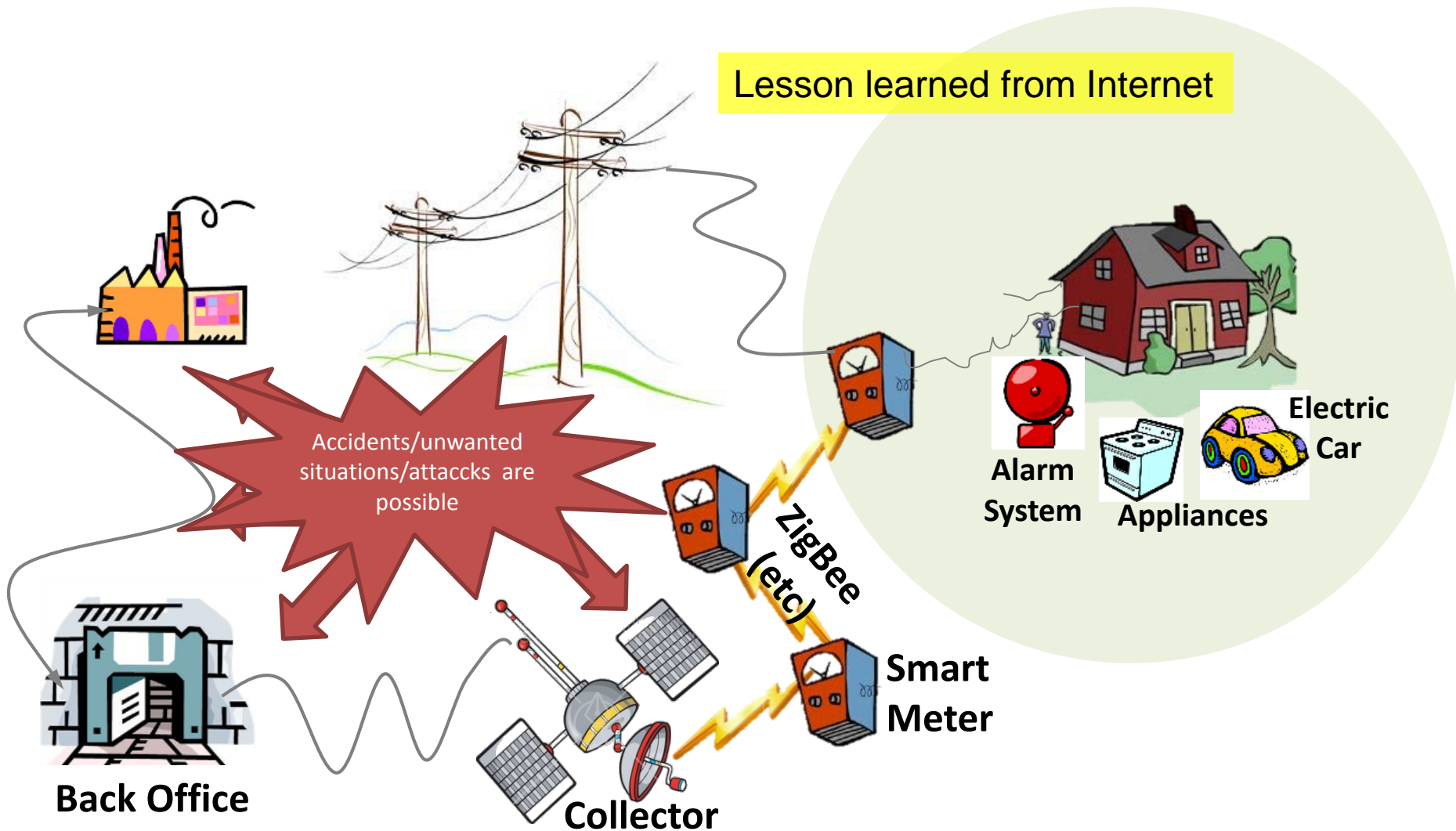
A vision of integrated microgrids that can monitor and heal itself.

Selected topics:

- Distributed resource management
- Communication, information
- Orthogonal issues: cyber-security
 - Extra important for overall system reliability

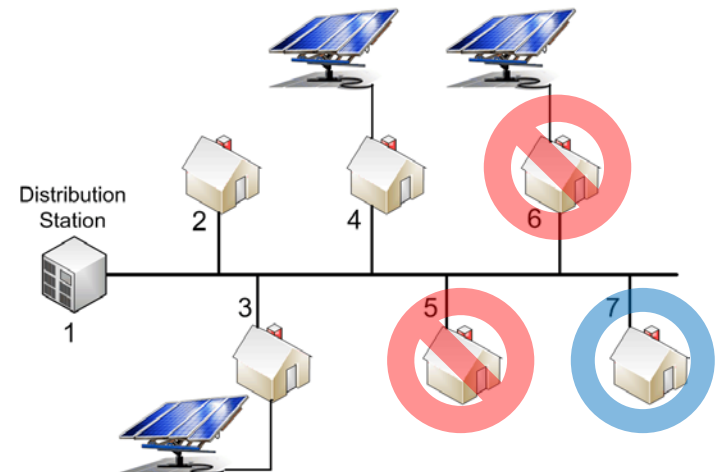
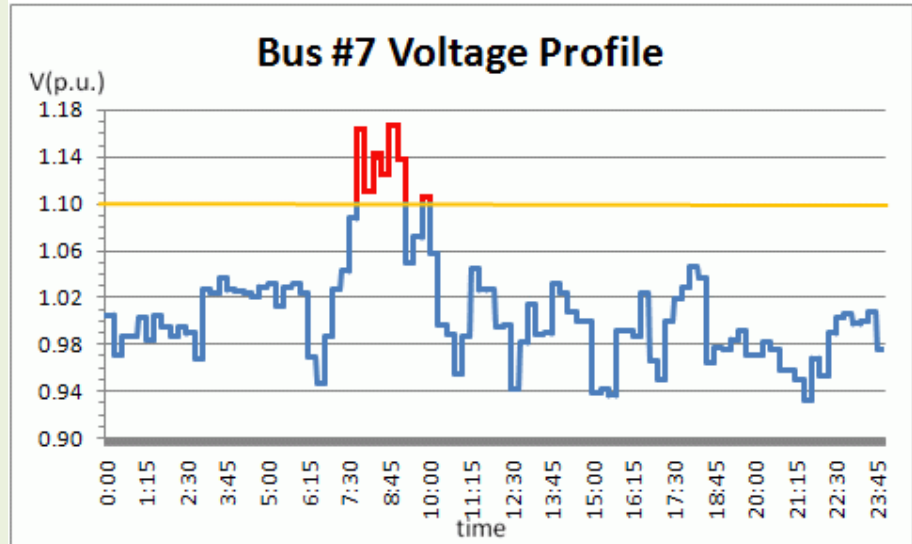


Imperative to address cyber security from the start



Cybersecurity aspects

- E.g.
 - ▣ Possible to destabilize parts of the system (-> blackouts) by inappropriate access to e.g. remote on/off possibilities
- Avoid the Internet examples of de facto standards
 - ▣ info-security from the start
 - ▣ Distributed/collaborative security methods can help to deal with scale

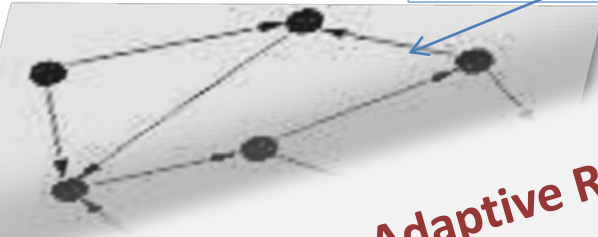


Reflecting

Cyberphysical systems: possibilities and challenges shake hands

Overlay network

EI- link and/or
communication link



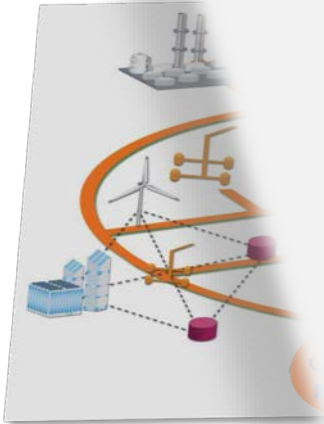
Adaptive Resource Management

Data&communication: enablers

but:

- Big networks of embedded-devices ...
- Big data...
- Security, privacy ...

Parallel, distributed, stream processing
for solving problems locally & keeping up with scale



@NS division (approx 30 pers): Cyberphysical systems research

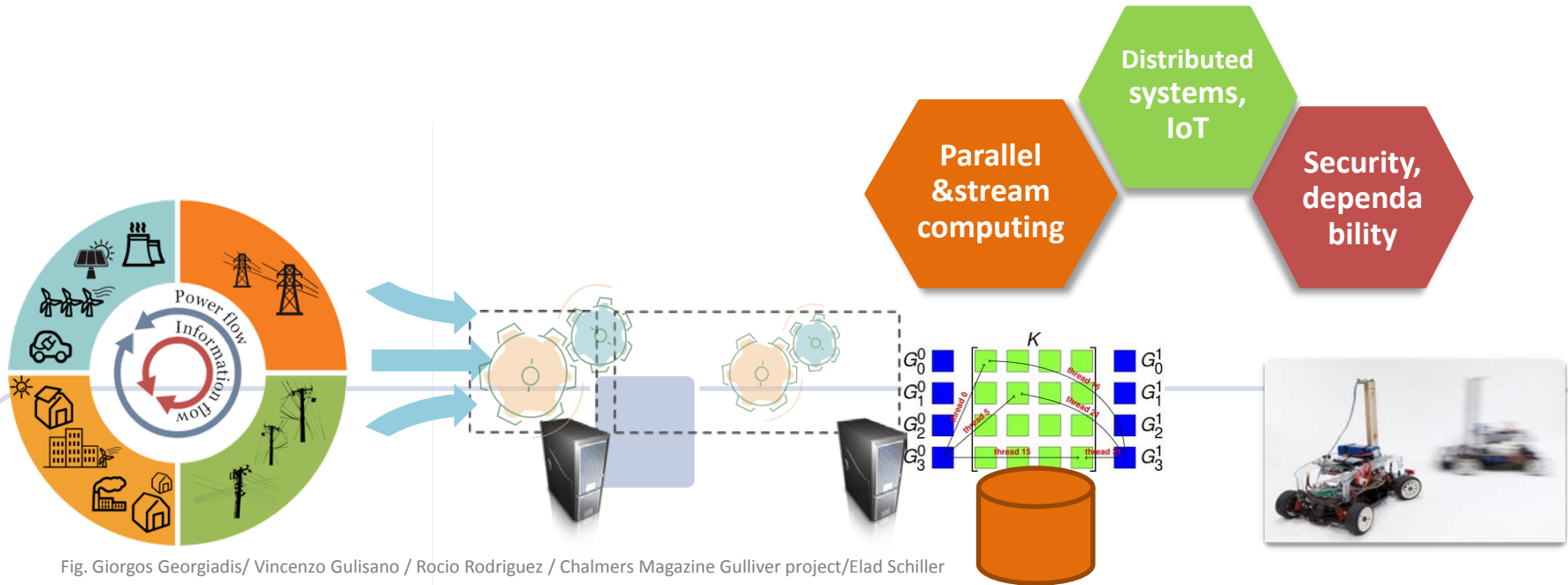


Fig. Giorgos Georgiadis/ Vincenzo Gulisano / Rocio Rodriguez / Chalmers Magazine Gulliver project/Elad Schiller

Energy, buildings, production

- data-driven distributed monitoring, resource planning
- Microgrids demo work

On-the-fly data processing & analysis

- Data validation, monitoring, ...
- Security, privacy

Energy/efficient computation

- streaming , parallel/multicore computing, incl. on embedded processors

Vehicular systems

- data-driven situation-awareness
- communication & coordination, e.g. crossings
- Gulliver testbed

Other examples cyber-physical systems

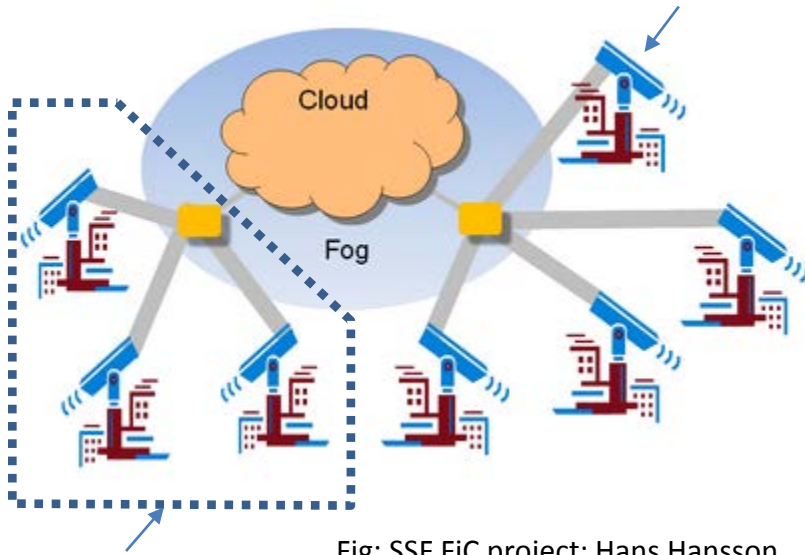
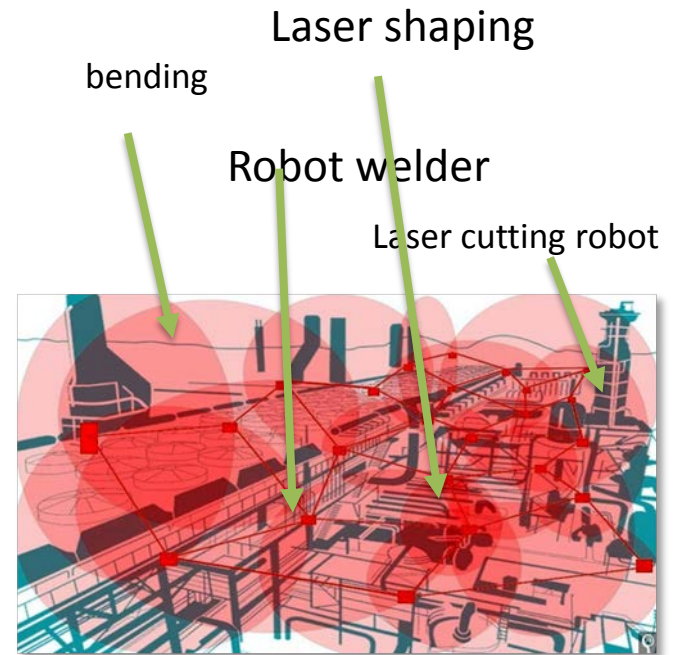


Fig: SSF FiC project; Hans Hansson



TransDec.



Example CPS data-processing ++: Distributed monitoring

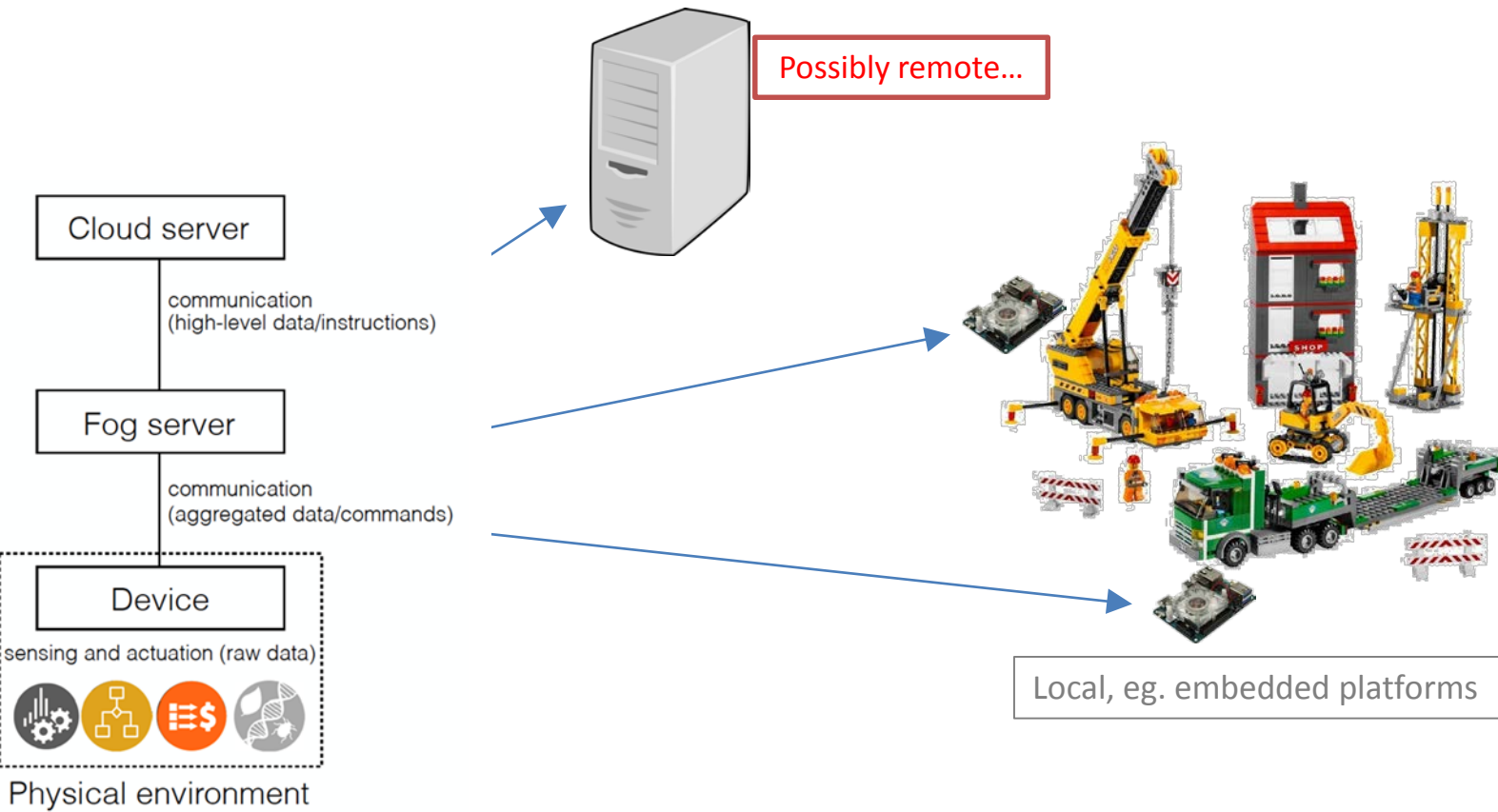


Fig: SSF FiC project; Hans Hansson

Recent & current related research project support @NS



Faculty researchers responsible/involved:

Magnus Almgren

Vincenzo Gulisano

Olaf Landsiedel

Tomas Olovsson

Marina Papatriantafilou

Elad Schiller

Philippas Tsigas

In this course:

Topics:

- System perspective, eg adaptiveness, distributed resource management in electricity grids
- Enablers: Communication, Data processing
- Cyber-security

Structure, todo's:

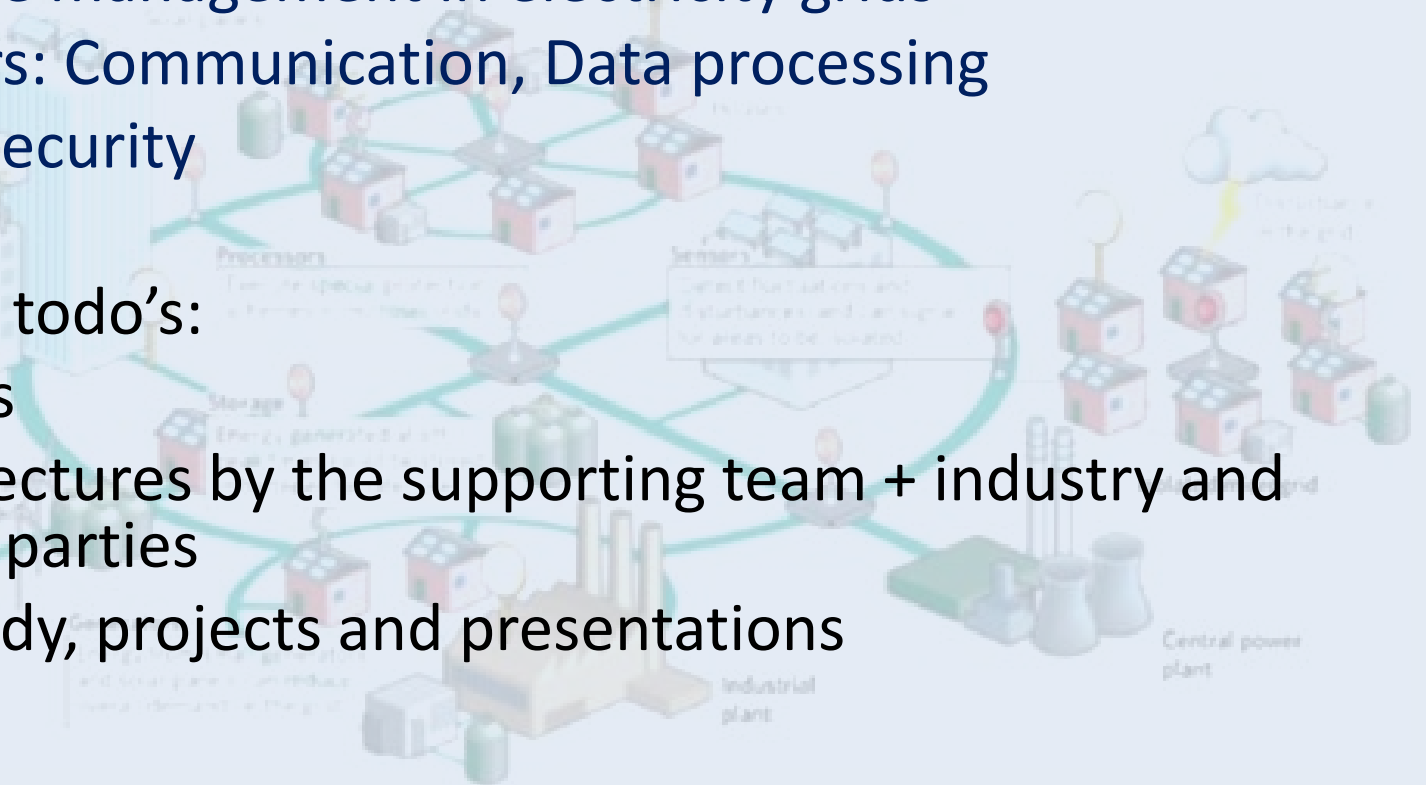
- Projects
- Guest lectures by the supporting team + industry and related parties
- Self-study, projects and presentations

How?

- Cf *Administrative Details.pptx*

SMART GRID

A vision for a new generation of integrated microgrids that can monitor and



Cf examples from earlier projects @ the shared box folder

List of deadlines

- Projects

- W1 Choose group + project

- W2 Planning report + list of supporting papers (schedule, resources, goals)

- W4 (**individually**) 1--2 pages: project + reflections; (team) outline of report

- end Successfully complete project

- Written report + demo & presentation

- Other reporting

- Every week, write a **short** summary of what your team has done and if you **need our help**. → **BOX**